

Expected operational solar wind forecast gains from assimilation of in situ L5 observations

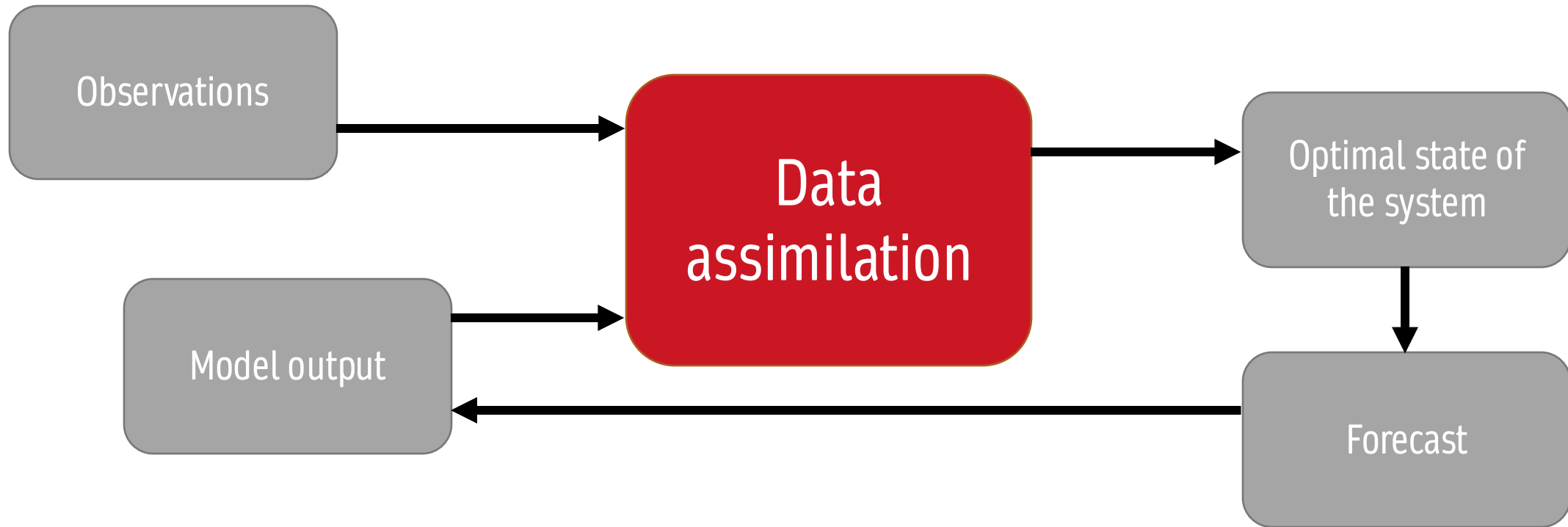
Harriet Turner, Mathew Owens, Matthew Lang, Andy Smith, Pete Riley and Siegfried Gonzi



Solar wind forecasting – why

- Stream interaction regions (SIRs) are a recurrent source of space weather
- Coronal mass ejections (CMEs) drive the most severe space weather
 - Propagate through the solar wind
- Upstream monitors only give 40 minutes of warning

Data assimilation (DA)

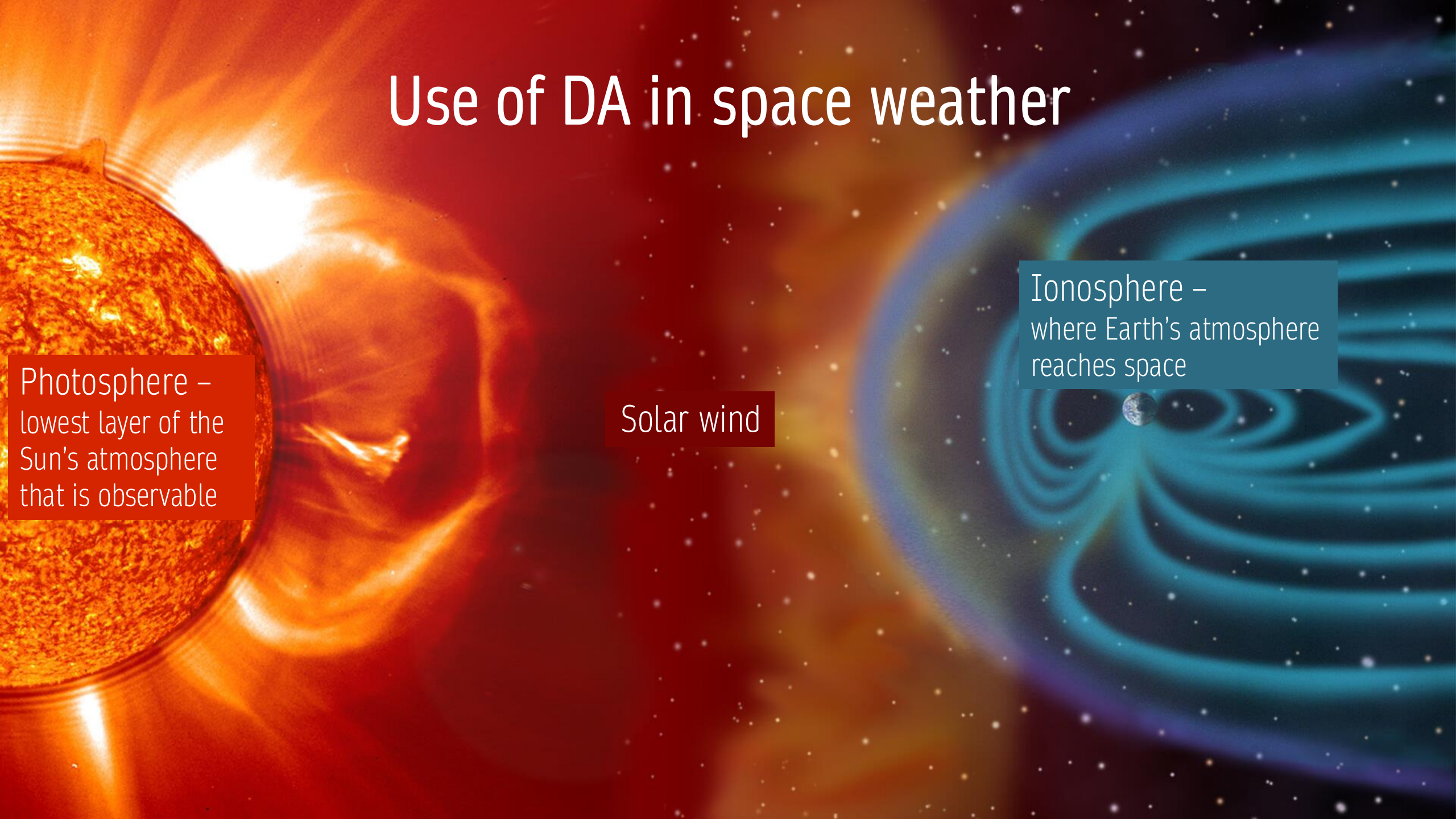


Use of DA in space weather

Photosphere –
lowest layer of the
Sun's atmosphere
that is observable

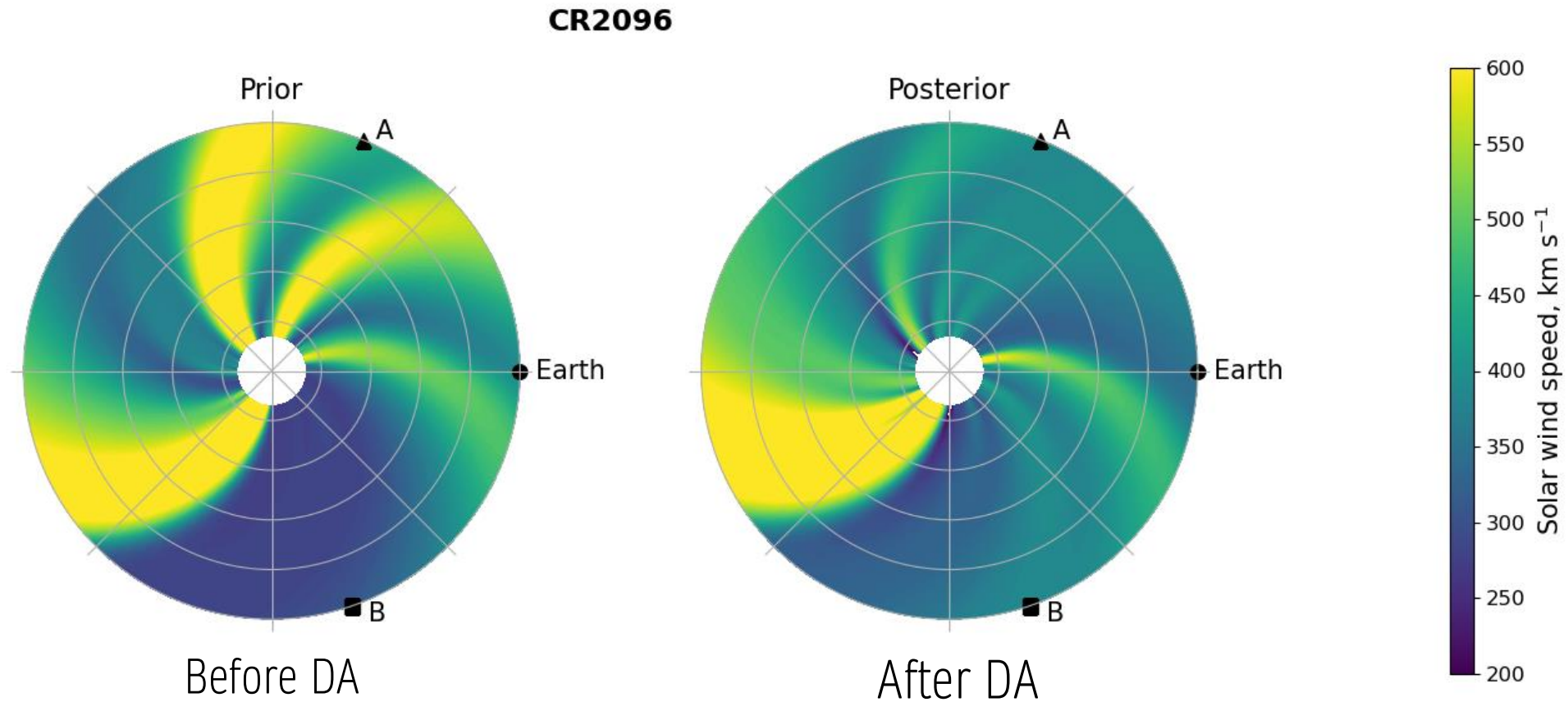
Solar wind

Ionosphere –
where Earth's atmosphere
reaches space

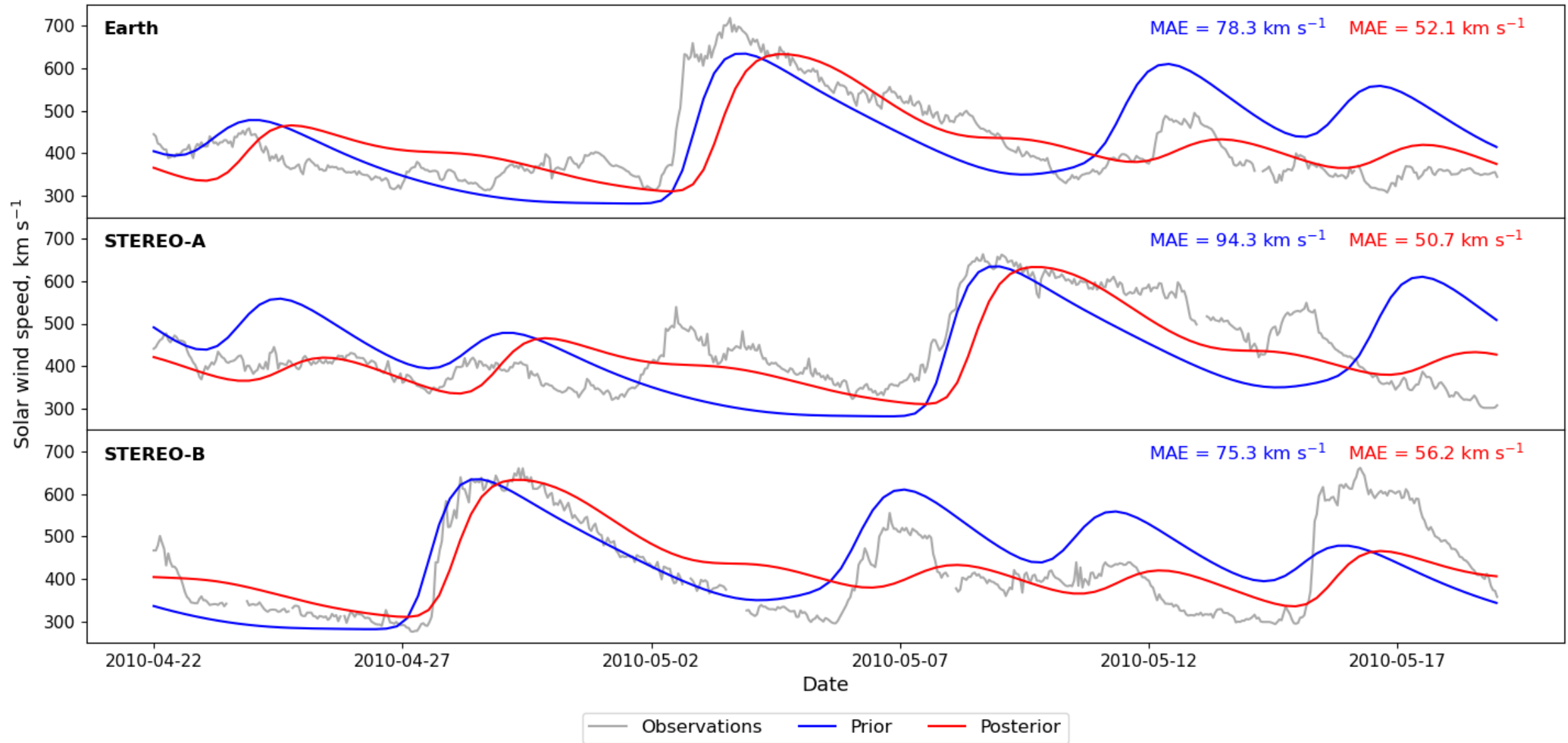


BRaVDA scheme

Burger Radius Variational Data Assimilation



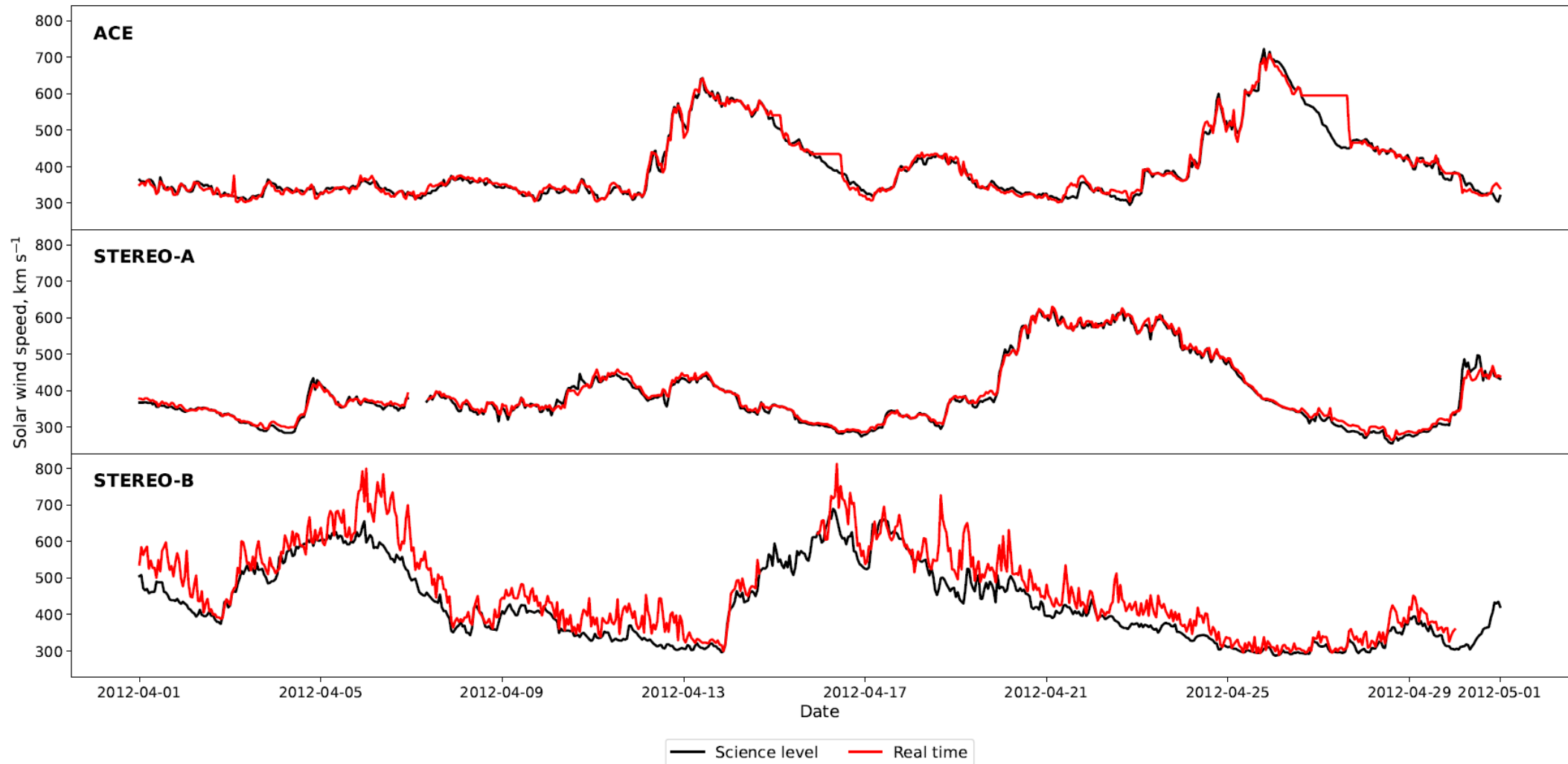
Time series



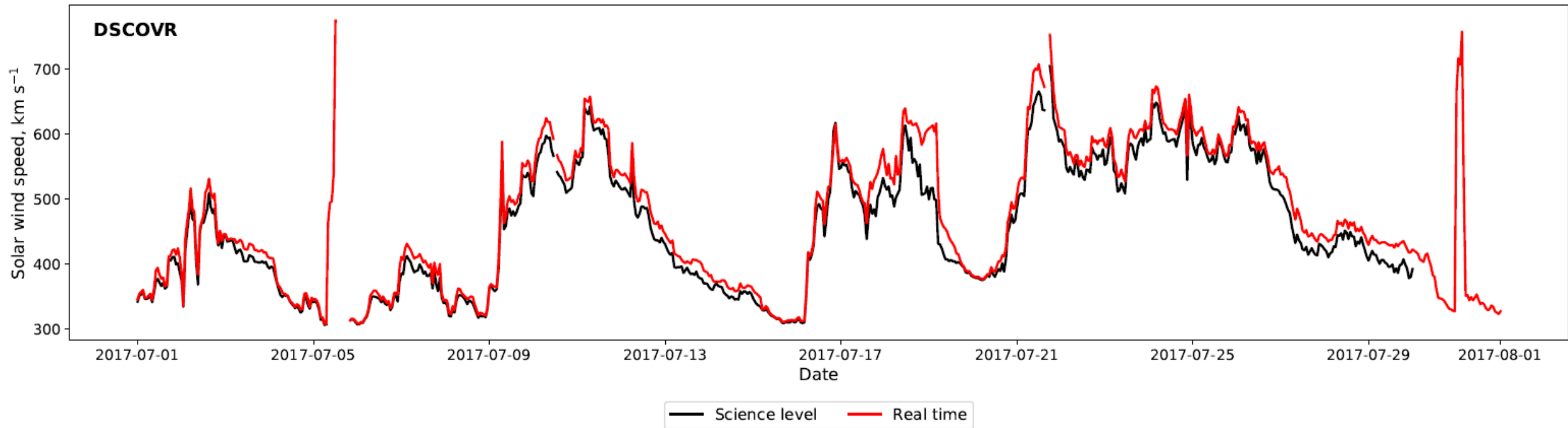
Observations

- Solar Terrestrial Relations Observatory (STEREO)
- Advanced Composition Explorer (ACE)
- Deep Space Climate Observatory (DSCOVR)
- For DA to be operational, it needs to work with real time observations

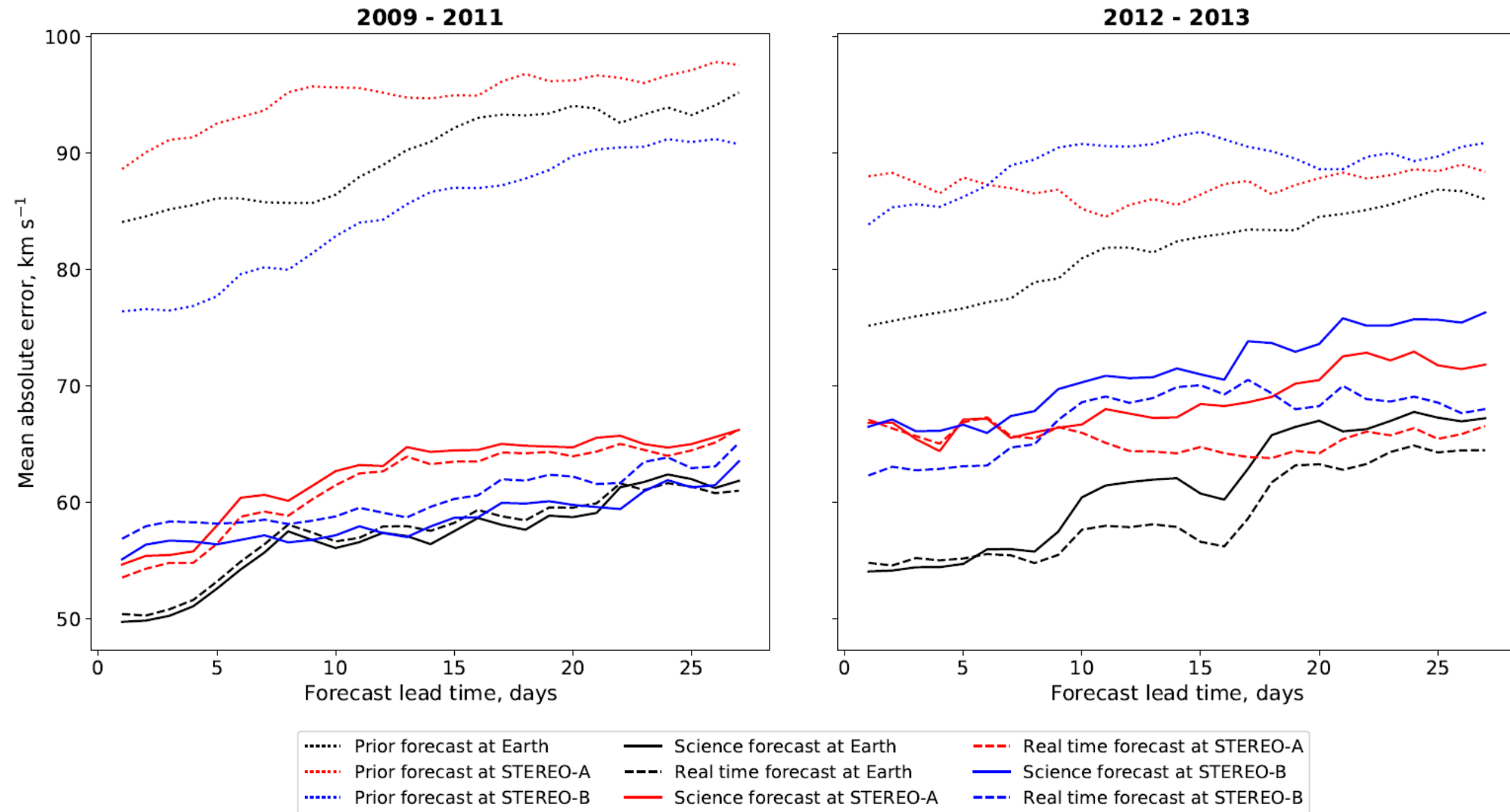
Real time data issues



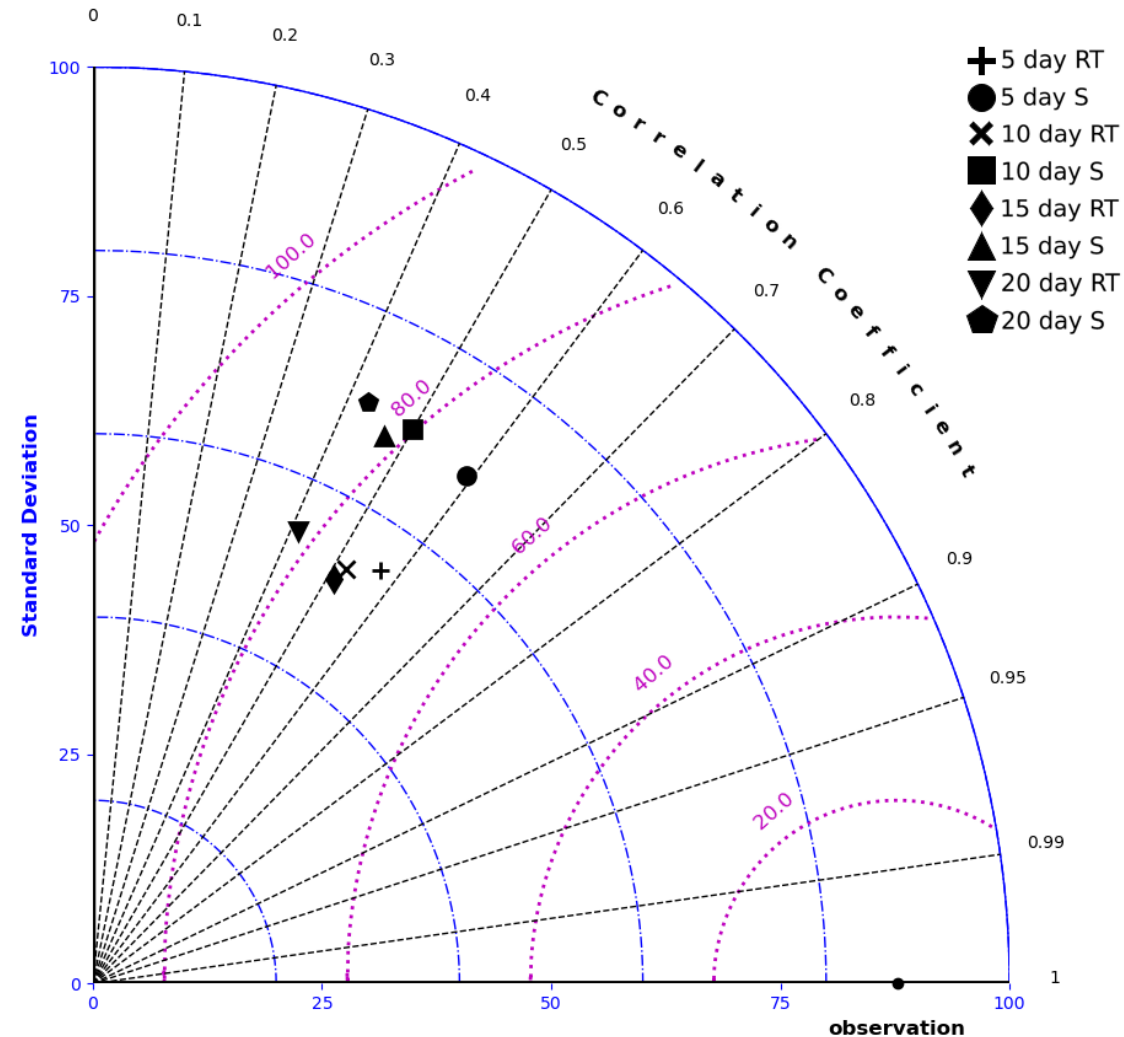
Real time data issues



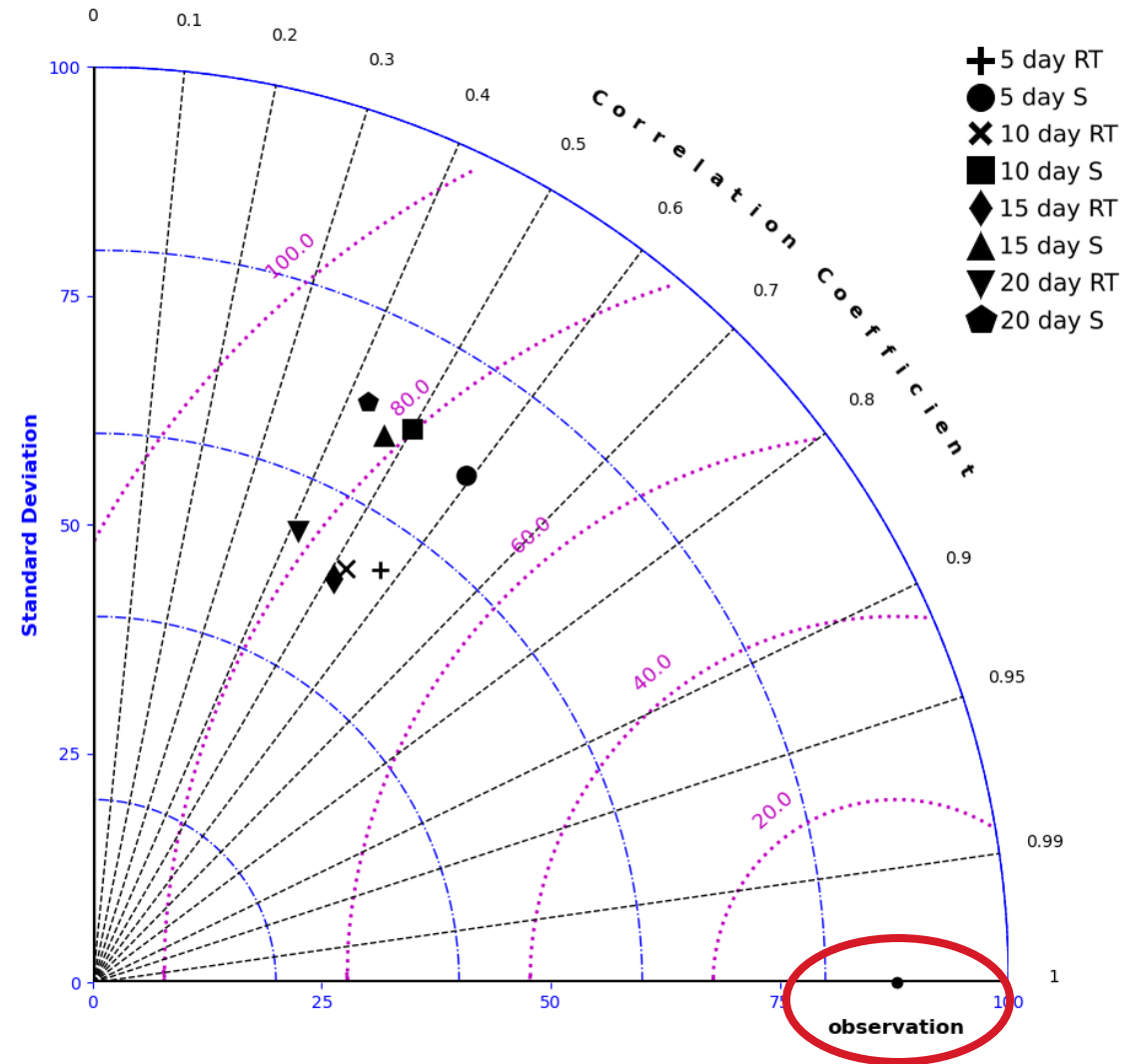
Assimilating multiple observations



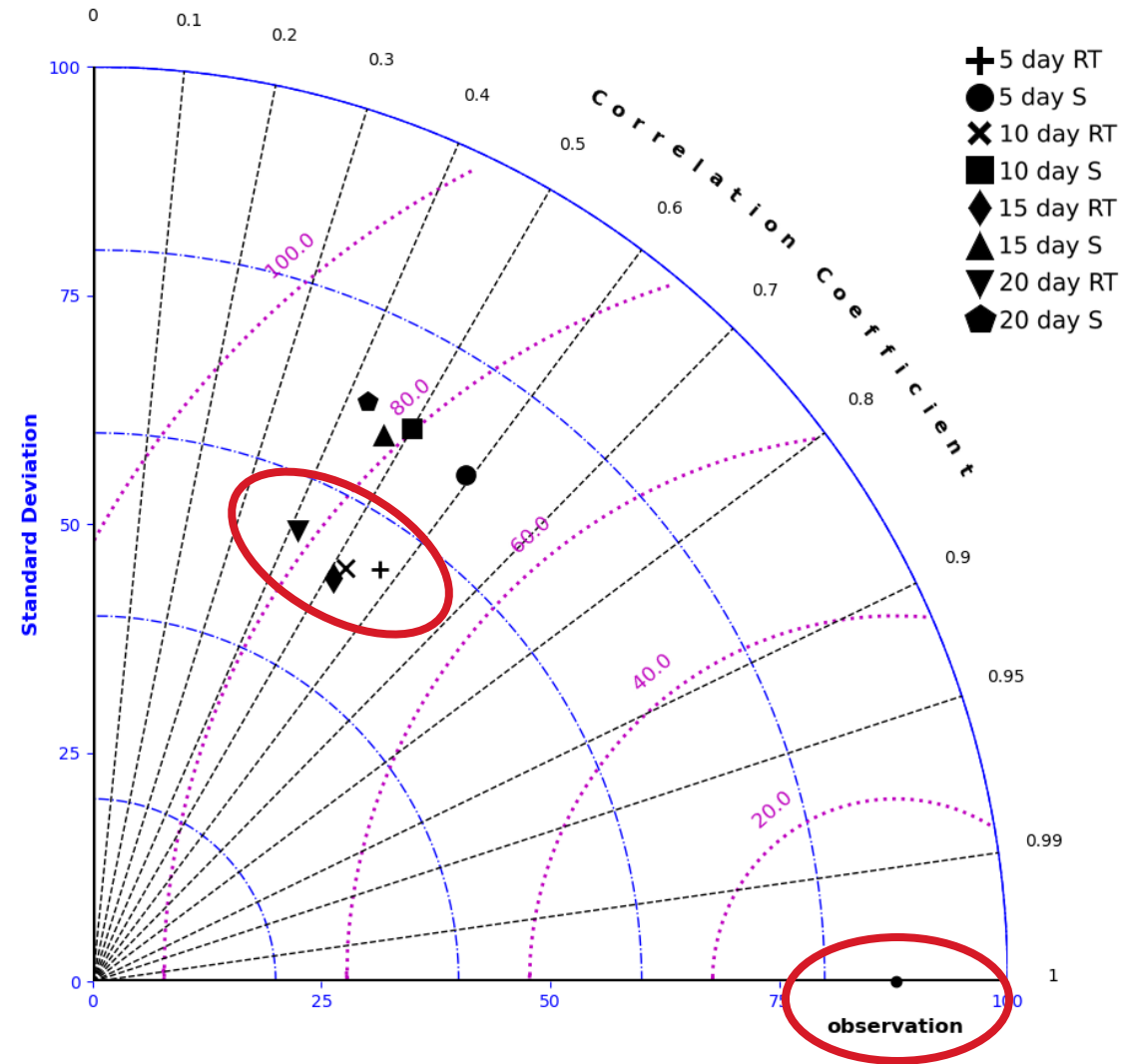
Why is real time performing better?



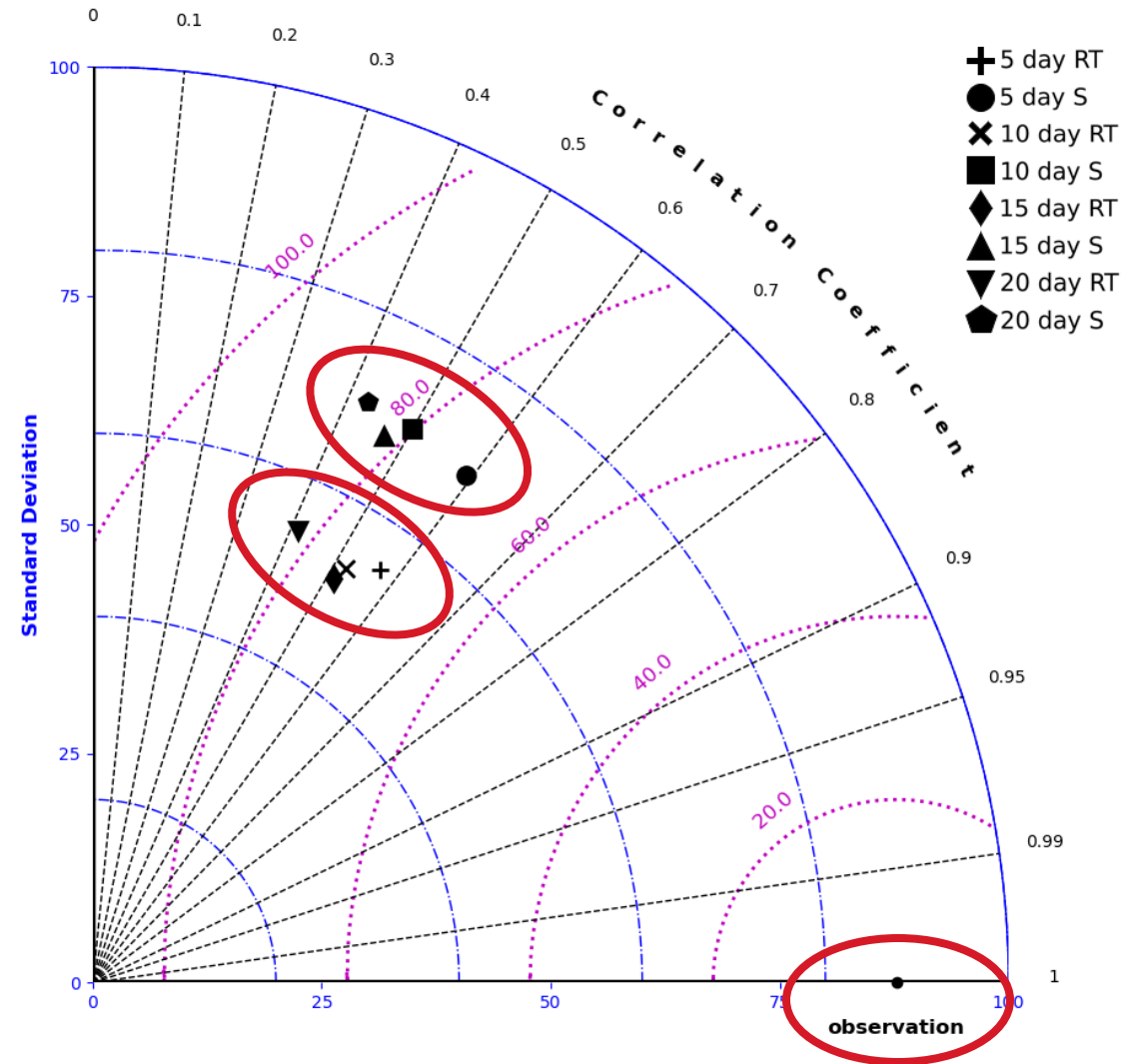
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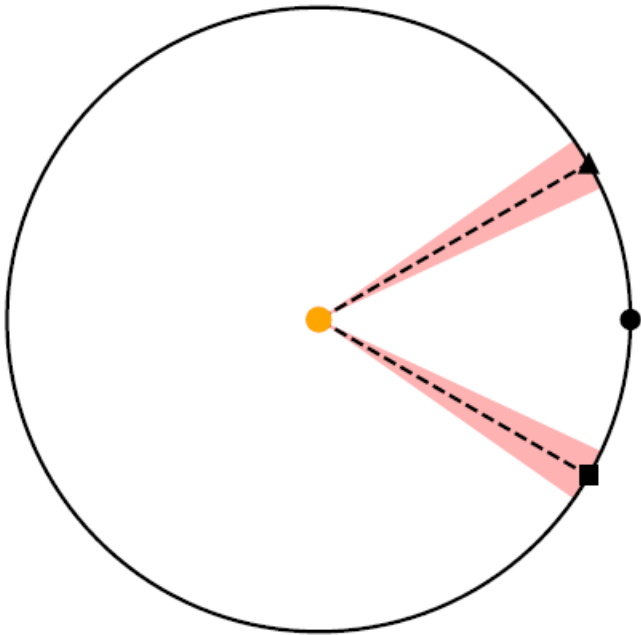


Why is real time performing better?

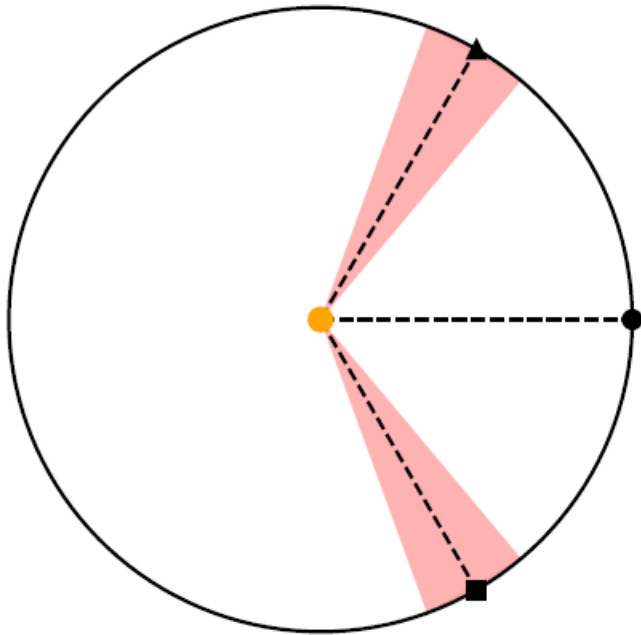


L5 experiments

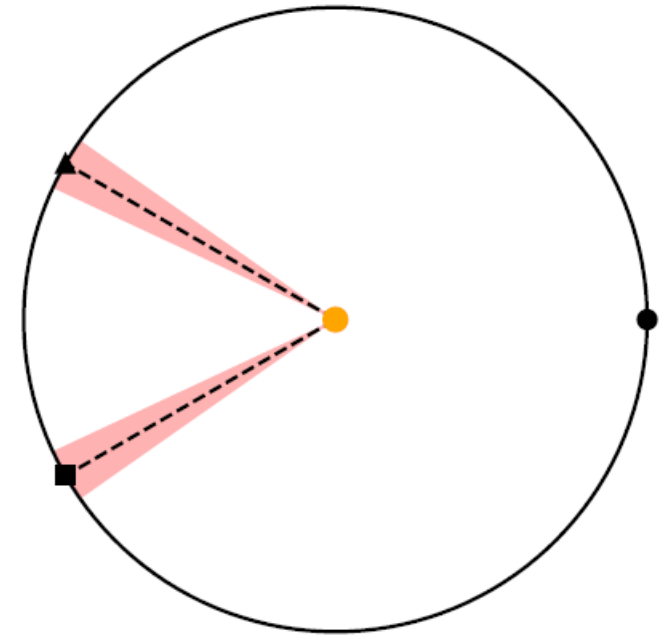
02/05/2008 - 30/08/2008



STEREO-A: 27/05/2009 - 06/05/2010
STEREO-B: 30/07/2009 - 22/01/2010

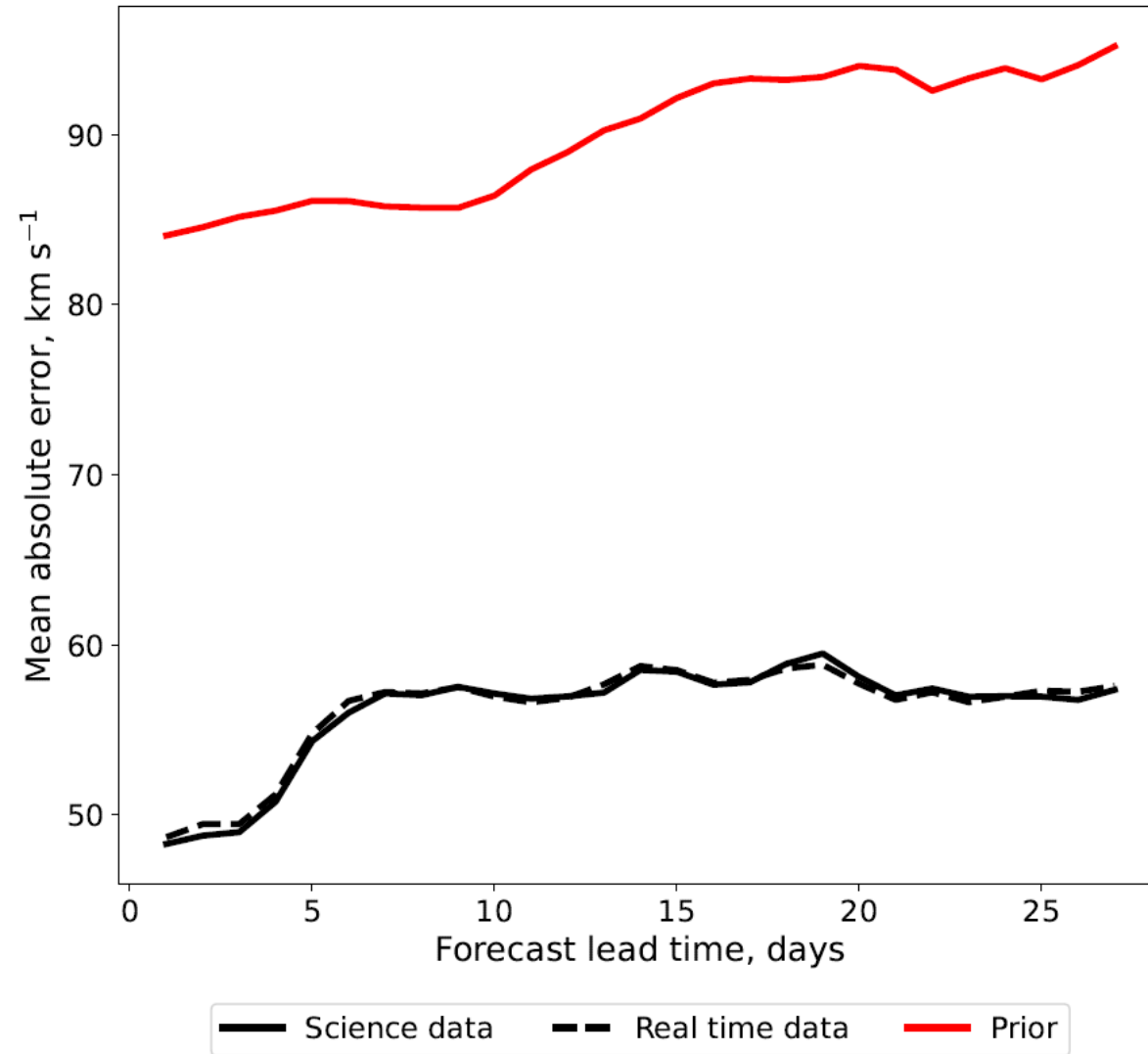


25/10/2013 - 09/02/2014



▲ STEREO-A ■ STEREO-B ● Earth

Does it work?



Conclusions

- Data assimilation is underused in solar wind forecasting
- An operational DA scheme would need to use real time data
- We have verified the BRaVDA scheme with both real time and science level observations
- Using real time data does not significantly worsen the forecasts
- A future pairing of an L5 and L1 monitor could provide forecast gains for solar wind speed
- Future work – investigate the impact of using DA on CME speed and arrival times

Thank you!



University of
Reading